

# Valoctocogene roxaparvovec estimated long-term durability of treatment effect: An extrapolation of the most recent clinical data

PW-07-12

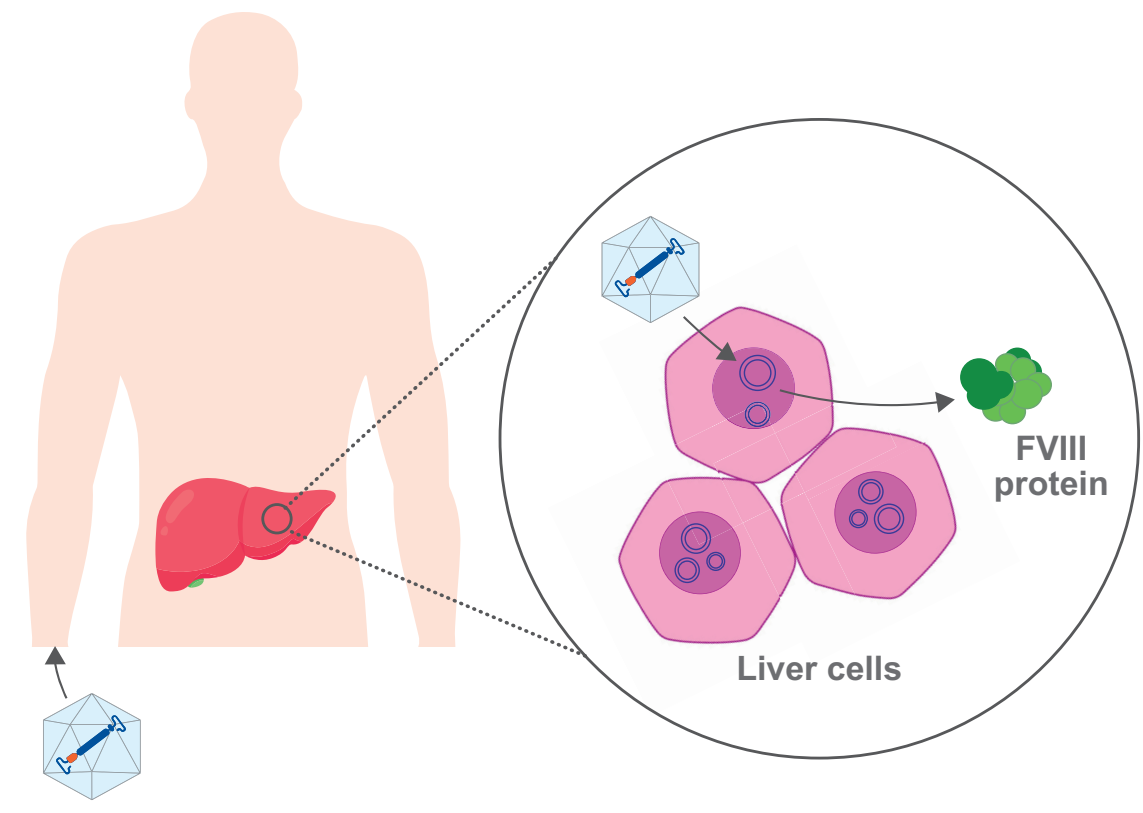
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## Introduction

### Valoctocogene roxaparvovec for severe hemophilia A

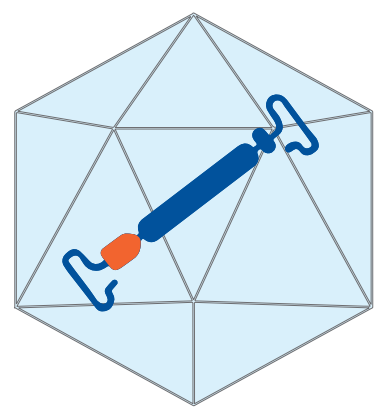
- Valoctocogene roxaparvovec (AAV5-hFVIII-SQ) is a liver-directed gene therapy that transfers a B-domain-deleted FVIII coding sequence to enable FVIII production in people with severe hemophilia A (FVIII  $\leq 1$  IU/dL)<sup>1,2</sup>
- In the phase 3 GENER8-1 trial, participants who received  $6 \times 10^{13}$  vg/kg valoctocogene roxaparvovec had improved protection from bleeds compared with regular FVIII prophylaxis over 4 years<sup>1-4</sup>
- Here, we estimated the long-term durability of valoctocogene roxaparvovec treatment effect by extrapolating the most recent trial data (GENER8-1 4–5-year and 270-201 7-year data)



## Methods

### Study population

- All participants were adult ( $\geq 18$  years) males with severe hemophilia A (with FVIII activity levels  $\leq 1$  IU/dL) who were previously receiving exogenous FVIII and had no history of FVIII inhibitors or anti-AAV5 antibodies



#### GENER8-1:

- A phase 3 clinical trial testing the efficacy and safety of valoctocogene roxaparvovec
- 134 participants received valoctocogene roxaparvovec ( $6 \times 10^{13}$  vg/kg) 4–5 years ago

#### 270-201:

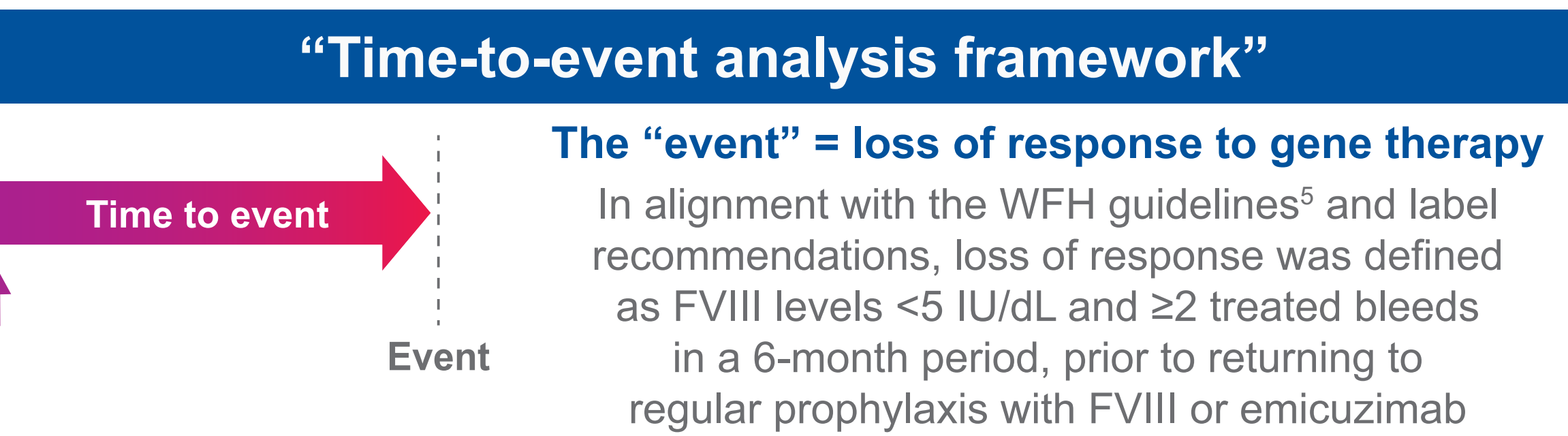
- A phase 1/2 clinical trial testing the safety, side effects, and best dose of valoctocogene roxaparvovec
- 7 participants received valoctocogene roxaparvovec ( $6 \times 10^{13}$  vg/kg) 7 years ago

### Time to event analysis framework

- Using the 4–5-year data from GENER8-1 and the 7-year data from 270-201, the durability of treatment effect was estimated using a “time-to-event analysis framework” in which loss of response data observed from the clinical trials were extrapolated using different parametric survival distributions. This resulted in a range of estimates for the predicted durability of treatment effect



Valoctocogene roxaparvovec infusion



**The “event” = loss of response to gene therapy**  
In alignment with the WFH guidelines<sup>5</sup> and label recommendations, loss of response was defined as FVIII levels  $< 5$  IU/dL and  $\geq 2$  treated bleeds in a 6-month period, prior to returning to regular prophylaxis with FVIII or emicizumab

- The primary objective was to estimate the long-term durability of valoctocogene roxaparvovec, defined using a composition of an objectively measurable biomarker (FVIII levels), clinical endpoints (bleeds), and a utilization metric (return to continuous prophylaxis)

### Statistical analysis

- A parametric regression approach was used to extrapolate outcomes beyond the follow-up duration
- Parametric survival models of time from baseline until the event were estimated to extrapolate beyond the available follow-up. Six alternative parametric distributions were estimated (exponential, Weibull, loglogistic, lognormal, Gompertz, and generalized gamma)

## Results

### Study participants

- Demographics for these participants have been reported previously<sup>1,6,7</sup>
- Maximum follow-up was 233 weeks for GENER8-1 and 314 weeks for 270-201 study participants

### Durability modeling

- Table 1** summarizes the loss of response composite endpoint data and the alternative scenarios considered

Table 1. Summary of scenarios and cohorts

| Study/cohorts                                                | Event                                                                  | Criteria, n | N   | Events, n |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----------|
| GENER8-1 4–5Y                                                | FVIII $< 5$ IU/dL and $\geq 2$ treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP | 3           | 134 | 12        |
|                                                              | FVIII $< 5$ IU/dL and RTP                                              | 2           | 134 | 18        |
|                                                              | RTP and $\geq 2$ treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP               | 2           | 134 | 12        |
|                                                              | FVIII $< 5$ IU/dL and $\geq 2$ subsequent treated bleeds in 6 months   | 2           | 134 | 18        |
|                                                              | Return to continuous prophylaxis                                       | 1           | 134 | 23        |
| GENER8-1 4–5Y + 270-201 7Y (6x10 <sup>13</sup> vg/kg cohort) | FVIII $< 5$ IU/dL and $\geq 2$ treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP | 3           | 141 | 12        |
|                                                              | FVIII $< 5$ IU/dL and RTP                                              | 2           | 141 | 19        |
|                                                              | RTP and $\geq 2$ treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP               | 2           | 141 | 12        |
|                                                              | FVIII $< 5$ IU/dL and $\geq 2$ subsequent treated bleeds in 6 months   | 2           | 141 | 20        |
|                                                              | Return to continuous prophylaxis                                       | 1           | 141 | 25        |

RTP, return to prophylaxis

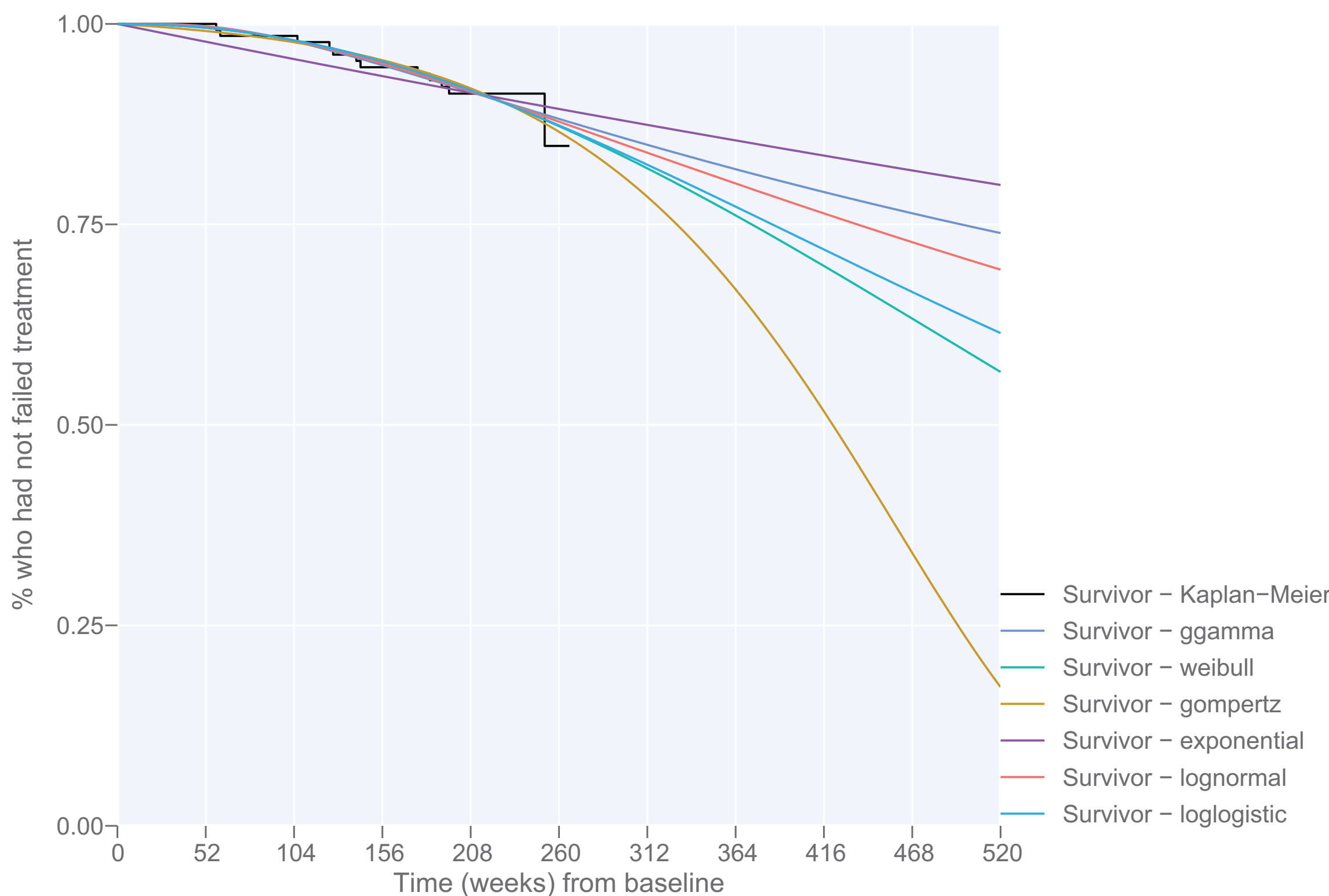
### References

- Ozelo M, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2022;386(11):1013–1025. 2. Mahlangu J, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2023;388:694–705. 3. Madan B, et al. *J Thromb Haemost.* 2024;22(7):1880–1893. 4. Leavitt AD, et al. *Res Pract Thromb Haemost.* 2024;8(8):102615. 5. Srivastava A, et al. *Haemophilia.* 2020;26 Suppl 6:1–158. 6. Rangarajan S, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2017;377(26):2519–2530. 7. Pasi KJ, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2020;382:29–40.

### Three-component composite definition of loss of response

- Within the GENER8-1 study, eight (6.0%) participants experienced loss of response based on the three-component composite definition
- Using the three-component composite definition, the predicted median durability was estimated to range from 11.0–17.0 years using the three models with the best fit (**Table 2**)

### Extrapolations (three-component composite definition; GENER8-1)



### Durability models: Full results

Table 2. Median durability in years for all scenarios

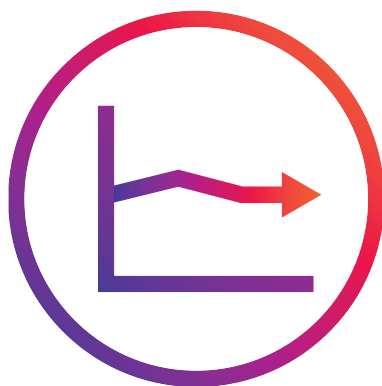
| Study/cohorts                                                | Criteria, n                      | Model scenario                                                | Distribution    | Median (95% CI)   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| GENER8-1 4–5Y                                                | 3                                | FVIII <5 IU/dL and ≥2 treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP | Weibull         | 11.0 (4.5, 17.4)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 17.0 (3.4, 30.6)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 12.4 (4.3, 20.6)  |
|                                                              | 2                                | FVIII <5 IU/dL and RTP                                        | Weibull         | 8.9 (5.4, 12.5)   |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 12.2 (5.6, 18.7)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 9.9 (5.5, 14.3)   |
|                                                              | 2                                | RTP and ≥2 treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP            | Weibull         | 11.0 (4.5, 17.5)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 17.0 (3.4, 30.7)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 12.4 (4.3, 20.6)  |
|                                                              | 2                                | FVIII <5 IU/dL and ≥2 subsequent treated bleeds in 6 months   | Weibull         | 16.2 (4.1, 28.3)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 31.8 (−0.9, 64.4) |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 19.8 (3.3, 36.3)  |
| 1                                                            | Return to continuous prophylaxis | Weibull                                                       | 7.5 (5.4, 9.7)  |                   |
|                                                              |                                  | Lognormal                                                     | 9.5 (5.8, 13.1) |                   |
|                                                              |                                  | Loglogistic                                                   | 8.1 (5.5, 10.8) |                   |
| GENER8-1 4–5Y + 270-201 7Y (6x10 <sup>13</sup> vg/kg cohort) | 3                                | FVIII <5 IU/dL and ≥2 treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP | Weibull         | 13.2 (4.6, 21.8)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 20.4 (2.6, 38.2)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 15.0 (4.2, 25.8)  |
|                                                              | 2                                | FVIII <5 IU/dL and RTP                                        | Weibull         | 9.6 (5.9, 13.2)   |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 12.9 (6.1, 19.6)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 10.6 (6.0, 15.1)  |
|                                                              | 2                                | RTP and ≥2 treated bleeds in 6 months prior to RTP            | Weibull         | 13.2 (4.6, 21.8)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 20.4 (2.5, 38.3)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 15.0 (4.2, 25.8)  |
|                                                              | 2                                | FVIII <5 IU/dL and ≥2 subsequent treated bleeds in 6 months   | Weibull         | 15.2 (5.2, 25.1)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Lognormal       | 28.2 (2.4, 54.1)  |
|                                                              |                                  |                                                               | Loglogistic     | 18.2 (4.8, 31.7)  |
| 1                                                            | Return to continuous prophylaxis | Weibull                                                       | 7.8 (5.8, 9.8)  |                   |
|                                                              |                                  | Lognormal                                                     | 9.6 (6.2, 13.1) |                   |
|                                                              |                                  | Loglogistic                                                   | 8.4 (5.9, 10.9) |                   |

RTP, return to prophylaxis

### Limitations

- Only a small number of events were observed to date in the valoctocogene roxaparvovec clinical trial program; therefore, small changes in the timing of events may have influenced the extrapolated outcomes
- The addition of data from the 270-201 study as a scenario analysis is subject to potential issues of between-study heterogeneity
- The durability measures presented are projected estimates using parametric durability extrapolations based on initial outcomes, whose precision may improve when incorporating future outcomes as they become available

## Conclusions



- Therapeutic benefit of valoctocogene roxaparvovec is expected to extend beyond follow-up in existing clinical trials, with the estimated median durability of treatment effect ranging from 11–17 years using phase 3 data only and the three-component composite definition of loss of response, and 7.5–31.8 years using other scenarios and cohorts
- When combined with appropriate characterization of uncertainty, these results may be of value in informing the long-term outcomes for patients treated with valoctocogene roxaparvovec

### Acknowledgements

We thank all trial participants, investigators, and site staff in the GENER8-1 and 270-201 studies. Medical writing and project management support were provided by Gillian Clague, CMPP, of BioMarin Pharmaceutical Inc. To view a copy of this poster, scan this QR code. Copies of this poster obtained through the QR code are for personal use only and may not be reproduced without permission from the authors.

